





Summary of Language and Pedagogy in Scotland's Initial Teacher Education Primary Programmes

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Rationale

#20	The Working Group recommends that students undertaking a course of primary school teacher education have attained a languages qualification at Higher level or equivalent (SCQF level 6) either on entering the course of initial teacher education or on its completion. (p. 27)
#21	The Working Group recommends that students seeking to become teachers in primary schools should undertake some study of the pedagogy associated with additional languages as part of Initial Teacher Education. (p.28)
#23	The Working Group recommends that universities work together as a consortium of university providers to support delivery of the 1+2 policy and that languages departments in universities play a greater role in working with schools, subject to appropriate funding. (p.29)







Undergraduate Programmes

		Language(s)	Language Input	Pedagogical Input	No. of Students
Aberdeen		Ma, Fr, It, <u>Ger</u> , Sp	1 st & 2 nd Yr - optional courses 3 rd & 4 th Yr - optional informal, 'extra curricular' learning with PGDEs	3 rd Yr - optional 6 week course (Fr lang & pedagogy combined). Gaelic option is no longer available due to staffing changes.	60/120 (50%)
Dundee		Fr, Ger, Sp, It, Gae, Man, BSL	1 st & 2 nd Yr - optional courses	2 nd Yr – 6 hours of ML pedagogy (Fr, Ger or Sp) 3 rd /4 th Yr - optional module	135/135 (100%) 20/135 (20%)
Edinburgh	(general)	MA Primary Education self learn session in Yr 1 for 1 + 2 (Primary Literacies)		Yr 3 Primary Studies all students 1.5 hours 3 rd Yr - optional 1 day input by SCILT	150/150 (100%) 20/150 (13%)
	(specialism)	MA Education with German	Compulsory in all years (+ experience abroad)	Integrated	$3^{rd} \Upsilon r = 3, 2^{rd} \Upsilon r = 4,$ $1^{st} \Upsilon r = 8$
		MA Primary Education with Gaelic	Compulsory in all years. Note: 4 years for fluent speakers and 5 years for learners	integrated	3 rd Yr= 4, 2 nd Yr=8, 1 st Yr=6







Undergraduate Programmes

		Language(s)	Language Input	Pedagogical Input	No. of Students
Glasgow		Fr, Sp	3 rd Yr – 32 hours of language & pedagogy		130/130 (100%)
_			(face to face + self study)		
			3 rd Yr – optional ML specialism module		25/130 (19%)
			4 th Yr – lectures, SCILT 2 day input,		170/170 (100%)
Stirling	(general)	-		2 nd Yr – optional	50 places available
			-	FLAME training with	
				Stirling LA	
	(specialism)	Fr, Sp	Lang & pedagogy compulsory in all years (+ experience abroad, dissertation, final School		7/7 (100%)
			Experience ML focused placement)		
Strathclyde	•	Fr,Sp,It	1 st & 2 nd Yr - optional	4 th Yr – optional	20/160 (13%)
-			courses	module (Frlang and	
				pedagogy combined)	
UWS		Fr, Sp, Ger	1 st Yr – compulsory	3 rd Yr – optional	11/75 (15%)
			200 hour language	module	
			module (75/75 100%)	4 th Yr – dissertation	
			2 nd Yr – optional (50%	option to graduate	
			of cohort)	with 'BA (Hons)	
			Optional experience	Education with	
			abroad	Languages'.	







Reflections on UG provision

- Very varied provision between institutions how can different models of provision be shared?
- Change in mind-set and attitudes/values towards languages in the curriculum needed; more links to literacy and IDL
- Uptake of optional language courses is relatively low and opportunities for student mobility are often not capitalised upon
- Challenge of timetabling and trying to 'fit' language learning and pedagogy in perhaps an opportunity for distance/blended learning?
- Should language learning be optional or compulsory for students given that languages are an entitlement for all pupils they will be teaching?
- Strong case for primary language specialists
- More opportunities throughout the four year course rather than being perceived by students as an 'add-on'







Postgraduate Programmes

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TePL VLE				
s and info				
SCILT1 day 90/180 (50%)				
pedagogy				
0/150 (0%)				
-				
ning 190/190 (100%)				
ssions				
students				
NO POSTGRADUATE PROVISION				
cialisation' 90/400 (23%)				
edagogy				
gyforall (100%)				
pedagogic				







Reflections on PG provision

- Time constraints of a one year course
- Programmes vary along a spectrum from no input, to optional, to compulsory; peer learning and selfdirected tasks
- Could distance/blended learning be used to deliver languages and/or pedagogy?
- Start of a journey into the NQT year and beyond







Partnership working

Schools of Education

University Language Departments

Wider Languages Community







Partnership Working

- More ITE students taking languages would boost enrolment numbers in university language departments
- Perhaps revision of existing language programmes is needed to become geared towards these future primary teachers and their pupils
- Consideration of staffing and budgeting for language departments to enable this provision
- Possible contracting of primary language specialists within LAs to support pedagogical input especially
- Working with local practitioners would also enable training which links to Local Authority strategy
- Further support and input from SCILT and the cultural organisations







Conclusions – what next?

- We need to be bold and innovative
- The start of a professional journey in language teaching and pedagogy
- Confident and competent teachers
- One size does not fit all but consistency is key

What can your organisation contribute to this partnership?



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